Mimamsu

User's Guide

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Overview

Mimamsu consists of four components (DORM Studio, Store, Analysis Tool and Dataset Tool). DORM Studio is a facility to create Data Object Relationship Map (DORM) of relational database(with RDOM*) in terms of objects and attributes. Store is a facility to create dataset (with metadata) by creating and running data elements(attributes) selection. Analysis Tool is a facility to perform statistical analysis, and append the statistics to the dataset. Dataset Tool is to create subset and/or filter the dataset.

Datasets, statistical analysis and subsets get stored as database table/s. For datasets and subsets a metadata table gets created together with the data table. Datasets, statistical analysis and subsets tables (together with metadata tables) can also be exported as CSV files.



DORM Studio: includes facility to create Data Object Relationship Map (DORM) as well as copy, import and export map features. In addition to individual interfaces for adding DOBJ, R_DOBJ, LOOK-UP and RANGE objects the facility includes interfaces to create LOOK-UP and RANGE tables as well. It also includes 'AutoMap' and 'Verify Map' features. The 'AutoMap' adds (i.e. maps) tables and columns with standard names (see '<u>Standard Names for Tables and Columns</u>' section) as DOBJ and R-DOBJ components automatically. The 'Verify Map' verifies database/schema content for adherence to Relational Data Object Model.

<u>Store</u>: is an interface, created using DORM, to create and run data element(attributes) selection to create dataset (with Dataset Metadata*). Store also includes 'Analysis Tool' and 'Dataset Tool' as part of 'Work with Dataset' feature.

Object Relations Summary: Each dataset gets created with Object Relations Summary. It is an interactive presentation of all combinations of related object counts in the dataset. The summary shows total counts of the objects at the top. The bottom part of the summary is interactive; it shows from left to right all combinations of related object counts, from left to right in descending order of object combination size.

<u>Analysis Tool:</u> is an interface to create and append statistics to the dataset. The tool consists of six types of functions, 1) General Functions (i.e. CASE STATEMENT, EXPRESSION), 2) DOBJ Functions (i.e. COUNT, FREQUENCY COUNT, EMBED-FN-CODE), 3) Aggregate Functions, 4) Analytic Functions, 5) String Functions and 6) Date/Time Functions. Metadata about appended statistic gets added to Dataset Metadata*. Also, when a statistic's table is exported as CSV file, two files get created; a file for statistic and a file for Statistic Metadata**. [*Note: All functions are built in functions of the database system in use.*]

Dataset Tool: includes features to subset and/or order a dataset. It also includes features to save a subset as database table and export the subset as CSV file. Each Saved subset is created with associated Subset Metadata^{***} table.

* see <u>Dataset Metadata</u> for details.

****** see <u>Statistic Metadata</u> for details.

*** see <u>Subset Metadata</u> for details.

Quick Summary

Step 1: Create Data Object Relationship Map (DORM) of the database/schemas (with RDOM*) using 'DORM Studio'.

Exit			Stores
Open	STORE	DESCRIPTION	
Update			
DORM Studio			
New			

Step 2: Create 'Store' using the DORM.

Exit			Stores
Open	STORE	DESCRIPTION	
Update			
DORM Studio			
New			

Step 3: Create and run data element(attribute) 'Selection' to create dataset/s.



* see <u>Appendix-1: Symmetric Relational Data Object Model</u> for details.

Step 4: Run (and append) statistics on the dataset.

Back		Selections
Neur	SELECTION	DESCRIPTION
New	SELECTION1_19443125V0	Selection1
Open		
Re-Run		
Work with Datasets	1	



Step 5: Subset, sort and/or filter the dataset.

Back		Datasets
Open	DATASET	DESCRIPTION
Analysis Tool	SELECTION1_19443125V0_DS1	SELECTION1_19443125V0_DS1
Dataset Tool		

Example (HR Database)

This guide refers to following example. There are two databases (i.e. schemas) 'hr' and 'userdb' on MySQL server. 'hr' database tables and views contain employee and department data and 'userdb' is used to store datasets, statistical analysis and subset tables.



Example (HR Database)

(RDOM diagram)



In terms of relational database, DEPARTMENT_ID and EMPLOYEE_ID are primary-keys (not NULL) for 'department' and 'employee' tables (i.e. S-tables) respectively. For 'jobs_history' table (i.e. A-table) EMPLOYEE_ID + INSTANCE_SEQ is primary-key where EMPLOYEE_ID is foreign-key to 'employee' table. For 'emppay_jan2009', 'emppay_feb2009' and 'emppay_mar2009' tables (i.e. P-tables) EMPLOYEE_ID is primary-key and foreign-key to 'employee' table. For 'emp_x_dept' table (i.e. RS-table) EMPLOYEE_ID + DEPARTMENT_ID is primary-key (not NULL) and are foreign-keys to 'employee' and 'department' tables respectively. DORM Studio: - Open





- DORM Studio:
- New map

	_				
Back		Data Obje	ct Relationship N	laps	
Open	NAME	DESCRIPTION	LAST UPDATE	STORE	
New	1				
Create Copy					
Export					
Import					
	•				7
Open	Onen selec	ted man		NAME	
				NAME	
New	Create new	map.		DESCRIPTION	Map desci
Create Copy	Create dup	licate copy of the sel	lected map.	LAST UPDATE	Last updat
Export	Export sele	cted map as a file.		STORE	Name of a
Import	Import map	o from a file.			



verify objects relationships.

DORM Studi	<u>o:</u>										
- New DOBJ	'EMP'	MyDat	abase(space)	SELECT	🔹 🚺 Dobj Name		X View Map				
- Add Static	Table	userdb	C	Description		2					
		Database			<u> </u>						
		▼ 🚔 MySQL (// ▶ 🕋 hr	MyDatabase(s	pace) SELECT Description	MyDatabase(space)	SELECT *	Dobj Name EMP		X	View Map	
			Database(schema) / Tables Static Attril	userdb	Description EMPLOYEES					
			▼ 🚔 MySQL (//localhost:3306 ▼ 🚔 hr	6/?allowPublic	Database(schema) / Tables	Static Attributes Table X employee	Aperiodic Attributes Table X	Periodic	Attributes Table	· X	
			countries	SELECT	▼ 🚔 hr	Dobj-ID Column	Instance Update Seq. Number C	olumn 🔹 P	eriod Type	Period Name	
			dept_location	Row Date/	r department	EMPLOYEE_ID	ELECT	v	v		
			emp x dept	SELECT	dept_location	Row Date/Time Column(Optional)	ate/Time Column(Optiona	al) Row Dat	te/Time Column((Optional)	
			employee	Attribute C	D emp_x_dept	Select	SELECT	SELE	ECT	×	
			emppay_a	4	employee	Attribute Column	Attribute Description	Attribute	a Information		
			emppay_jan2009	NAM	emppay_spices						
			emppay_jun2009	9	emppay_jan2009	NAME	DESCRIPTION	INFORMATION			
			emppay_may200	9	emppay_mar2009	1 COMMISSION_PCT	COMMISSION_PCT	decimal			
			history		emppay_may2009	2 EMAIL	EMAIL	varchar			
		Error:	jobs_history		iobs	3 FIRST_NAME	FIRST_NAME	varchar			
		Hint:	locations		jobs_history	4 HIRE_DATE		date			
			Error:		locations	6 LAST NAME	LAST NAME	varchar			
			Hint:		Error:		0/0	1	Course	Cancel	Done
					Hint:				Save	7 Cancel	
*	Create nev	<i>N</i> .			Static Attributes Table Sel	ect from left and add Static	attributes table.	Sa	ave Sa	ve add/edits.	
Dobi Name	Enter nam	e of the Do	bi.		Dobj-ID Column Sel	ect Dobj-ID column from dr	op down.			ncel add/edit	c
Dobj Name	_			Ro	w Date/Time Column Sel	ect row timestamp column	from drop down.			neer addy care	5.
Description	Enter smal	ll descriptio	on of the Dobj.	Aper	iodic Attributes Table Sel	ect from left and add Aperi	odic attributes table	Do	one Clo	ose Dobj	
	Add select	ed table's i	nfo to Dobj.	Instance Upda	te Seq. Number Column Sel	ect row update seq. colum	n from drop down.	Vie	w Map	iew map in a t	abular form.
			-	Pe	eriodic Attributes Table Sel	ect from left and add Perio	dic attributes table		- Tup		
×	Delete fro	m the map.			Period Type Cre	ate new Period Type(or sel	ect from drop down)				
×	Exclude at	tribute fron	n the Dobj.		Period Name Ent	er Period name.	· /				
					Attribute Description Des	scription of selected (from t	table below) attribute	(editable).			

Attribute Information Additional info. about selected (from table below) attribute (editable).

8

BJ MyDatabase(space)	EMP	Dobj Name EMP	X View Map	
e userdb	Description EMPLOYEES	<u>_</u>		
Database(schema) / Tables	s Static Attributes Table 🛛 🗙	Aperiodic Attributes Table 🛛 🗙	Periodic Attributes Table	
▼ 📄 MySQL (//localhost:3306/?allowPublic	employee	> SELECT	• • SELECT •	
▼ 🚔 hr	Dobj-ID Column	Instance Update Seq. Number Column	* Period Type Period Name	
department	EMPLOYEE_ID	SELECT	Y Y	
dept_location	Row Date/Time Column(Optional)	Row Date/Time Column(Optional)	Row Date/Time Column(Optional)	
depts		SELECT	▼ SELECT ▼	
employee	Attribute Column	Attribute Description	Attribute Information	
emppay_apr2009				
emppay_feb2009	Included Attributes (18)			
emppay_in2009	NAME	DESCRIPTION INFORM	IATION	
emppay_mar2009	1 COMMISSION_PCT	COMMISSION_PCT decimal		
emppay_may2009	Included Attributes (17)	cluded Attributes (1)		
iobs		4 TION	INFORMATION	
jobs_history	1 COMMISSION_PCT	COMMISSION_PCT	decimal	
locations	Included Attributes (18)			
Error:		DESCRIPTION		
Hint:			derimal	
	2 EMAIL	EMAIL	varchar	Save
	3 FIRST_NAME	FIRST_NAME	varchar	
	4 HIRF DATE	HIRF DATE	date	



DORM - Edit '

DORM Studio:

- Edit 'EMP' DOBJ
- Add Aperiodic Table

Create new.

X



Attribute Description Description of selected (from table below) attribute (editable).

Attribute Information Additional info. about selected (from table below) attribute (editable).

DORM Studio: -Add Periodic X Dobi Name EMP MyDatabase(space) EMP * View Map **Tables** Description EMPLOYEES userdb Database(schema) / Tables Static Attributes Table Periodic Attributes Table Aperiodic Attributes Table X 🔻 📄 hr > jobs history > employee ppay_jan2009 2 Countries Period Type Dobj-ID Column Instance Update Seq. Number Column Period Name department * Create New (3) or select (3) MONTHEY ---- SELECT ----INSTANCE SEQ JAN2009 dept_location 4 Period Type for each Periodic depts Row Date/Time Col Row Date/Time Column(Optional) Row Date/Time Column(Optional) Attributes Table emp_x_dept ---- SELECT -------- Select ------- Select --employee Attribute Column Attribute Description Attribute Information emppay_apr2009 emppay_feb2009 📄 emppay_jan2009 emppay_jun2009 NAME DESCRIPTION INFORMATION emppay_mar2009 × GROSS PAY GROSS PAY decimal emppay may2009 × NET_PAY decimal NET_PAY history iobs Done bis_history 6 Iocations regions 4 ! ⊳ 0/0 Error: Cancel Save Close 14 4 **>** >1 Hint: Ζ5 Static Attributes Table Select from left and add Static attributes table. Create new. * Save Save add/edits. Dobj-ID Column Select Dobj-ID column from drop down. Enter name of the Dobj. Dobj Name Cancel Cancel add/edits. Row Date/Time Column Select row timestamp column from drop down. Description Enter small description of the Dobi. Done Close Dobj Aperiodic Attributes Table Select from left and add Aperiodic attributes table Instance Update Seq. Number Column Select row update seq. column from drop down. Add selected table's info to Dobj. Close DOBJ interface. Close

X Delete from the map.

Exclude attribute from the Dobj.

Periodic Attributes Table Select from left and add Periodic attributes table

Period Type Create new Period Type(or select from drop down) Period Name Enter Period name.

Attribute Description Description of selected (from table below) attribute (editable).

Attribute Information Additional info. about selected (from table below) attribute (editable).

View map in a tabular form. View Map



DORM Studio:



See next page for creating a new Look-Up table.





- DORM Studio:
- Create Look-Up Table

		New Table	
		Create Table	
Database	userdb	DDL Statement	
Table	DEPTLOCATION	CREATE TABLE userdb.DEPTLOCATION (
Columns		CITY VARCHAR (50)	
LOCATION CITY COUNTRY REGION		,COUNTRY VARCHAR (50) ,REGION VARCHAR (50))	
Definition			
Column	REGION		
Data Type	e VARCHAR		
Width / Co	onstraint (50)	Execute DDL	Cancel

- * For each column repeat 1, 2 and 3 (for some data types such as VARCHAR)
 After typing Width (and/or Constraint) press Enter or click in DDL Statement box on the right.

Database MyDatabase (space)	Execute DDL	Create table in the Database
Table Table to be create	Cancel	Cancel table creation
Columns to be created	Cancer	
Data Type Select Data Type for the column		
Width / Constraint Enter Width and/or constraint for the column		



See next page for creating a new Range table.

*	Create new.	Range Table Selected range table	Save	Save add/edits.
Range Name	Enter name of the Range association.	Lower Bound Column Select lower bound column	Cancel	Cancel add/edits.
Description	Enter small description of the Dange	Upper Bound Column Select upper bound column		
Description	Enter small description of the Range.	Dobi Select Dobi	Close	Close DOBJ interface.
	Add selected table's info to Range	Table Select a Table of colocted Dabi	View Man	View map in a tabular form.
X	Delete from the man	Table Select a Table of selected Dobj	- Hew Hup	
	belete from the map.	Table Column Select a column of selected Table		
×	Exclude attribute from the Range.	Attribute Description Description of selected (from table below) attribute (editable).		
		Attribute Information Additional info. about selected (from table below) attribute (ed	itable).	© 2023 UniGenus LLC



DORM Studio:

- Create Range Table

	New Table	
	Create Table	
Database userdb	DDL Statement	
Table SALARY_RANGE	CREATE TABLE userdb.SALARY_RANGE (
Columns	LOWER_BOUND REAL ,UPPER_BOUND REAL	
	,SALARY_RANGE VARCHAR (50) ,SALARY_RANK VARCHAR (50)	
SALARY_RANGE		
SALARY_RANK		
Definition		
Definition		
Column SALARY_RANGE		
Data Type VARCHAR		
Width / Constraint (50)	Execute DDL	Cancel
For each column repeat (1) , (2) and (3) (for sor	me data types such as VARCHAR)	

After typing Width (and/or Constraint) press Enter or click in DDL Statement box on the right.

Database MyDatabase (space)	Execute DDL Crea	ate table in the Database
Table Table to be create	Cancel	col table creation
Columns to be created	Cancer	
Data Type Select Data Type for the column		
Width / Constraint Enter Width and/or constraint for the column		

DORM Studio:

- View Map

-				
Name	HRD		X	View Map
Description	Human Resources Da	tabase		
Database Type	MySQL			
Server URL	//localhost:3306/?a	llowPublicKeyR	etrieval=true&us	seSSL=false
	(Example: //localhost:3306/?	allowPublicKeyRetriev	val=true&useSSL=fals	e)
Username	root	Password	******	Connect
	MyDatabase(space	e) userdb		•
Available Databa	ises	Selected [Databases	Save DB Info
mysql		hr		Auto Map
performation_sche	ema			Work with
sys sakila				DOBJ
world				R-DOBJ
userdb	<			LOOK-UP
				RANGE
				Verify Map
				Class

Map: HRD		Details Export to CSV	Close
DEPT (L) LOCATION	3		
EMP_DEPT			

Map: HRD					Ex	port to CSV Back	70
DATA OBJECT	DATABASE.TABLE	TABLE CATEGORY	COLUMN	LOOKUP/RANGE COLUMN	LOOKUP/RANGE DATABASE.TABLE	LOOKUP/RANGE NAME	
DEPARTMENTS	hr.department	S	DPTMGR_SALARY				A
DEPARTMENTS	hr.department	5	LOCATION_ID				
DEPARTMENTS	hr.department	S	LOCATION_ID	CITY	hr.dept_location	LOCATION	
DEPARTMENTS	hr.department	S	LOCATION_ID	COUNTRY_NAME	hr.dept_location	LOCATION	
DEPARTMENTS	hr.department	5	LOCATION_ID	LOCATION_ID	hr.dept_location	LOCATION	
DEPARTMENTS	hr.department	S	LOCATION ID	POSTAL CODE	hr.dept_location	LOCATION	

Data Object : DEPT					Export to CSV Back
DATABASE.TABLE	TABLE CATEGORY	COLUMN	LOOKUP/RANGE COLUMN	LOOKUP/RANGE DATABASE.TABLE	LOOKUP/RANGE NAME
hr.department	S	DEPARTMENT_ID			
hr.department	S	DEPARTMENT_NAME			
hr.department	S	DPTMGR_COMMISSION_PCT			
hr.department	S	DPTMGR_EMAIL			

- * DOBJs are shown in diagonal sequence (i.e. DEPT and EMP), R-DOBJs are shown at row-column intersection of the two related DOBJs.
- To view details of an object, click on the cell
 - Details Show database, tables and columns of all the data objects

Export to CSV Export current view to CSV file.

Back Show map view



- AutoMap

In this example there are two DOBJs (EMPLOYEE and DEPARTMENT) and one R-DOBJ (EMPDEPT). Tables and columns are named as per the standard*.

						123 EMPI 123 MAN	AGER_ID	123	EMPLO	YEE_ID
Name	HRD		X	View Map		ADC FIRST	_NAME	2	START_	
Description	Human Resources Databa	ase					_NAME	080		AIE
Database Type	MySQL					ABC PHO	NE_NUMBER	123	DEPAR	iment id
Server URL	//localhost:3306/?allov	vPublicKeyRe	etrieval=true&useSSL	=false		2 HIRE 123 SALA	_DATE RV	123	INSTAN	- ICE_UPDT_S
	(Example: //localhost:3306/?allow	PublicKeyRetriev	val=true&useSSL=false)			NBC JOB	D			
Username	root	Password	*****			123 COM	MISSION_PCT			
	MyDatabase(space)	userdb	•			ABC MGR	FIRST_NAME			
Available Databa	ases	Selected [Databases	Save DB Info						
mysql		hr		Auto Map	1					
information_sche performance_sch	ema			Work with						
sys				DOBJ						
world				R-DOBJ						
tickit userdb				LOOK-UP						
				PANCE						
				KANGE						
				Verify Map			Name	HRD		X
				Close			Description	Human Reso	ources Datab	ase
							Database Type	MySQL	•	
Auto Map Confi	rmation					×	Server URL	//localhost	3306/?allov	vPublicKeyRetrieva
								(Example: //local	host:3306/?allov	PublicKeyRetrieval=true8
Та	bles and columns na	amed as p	er the standard o	lefined in RDOM_a	nd_DORM_Studio.pdf(ast page)	Username	root		Password ****
wil	ll be mapped as DOI	3J and RE	OBJ component	S.				MyDatabas	e(space)	userdb
					OK	Cancel	Available Databa	ises		Selected Datab
							mysql			hr
							information_sche	ma		
	Auto Map			\times			sys			
							sakila world			
		AutoMap	completed suc	cessfully.			tickit			
		2 DOBJ	and 1 R-DOB	J updated.			userdb		<	
				3						



EMPLOYEE DEPARTMENT **EMPDEPT** Aperiodic Periodic Static Static Static 🖶 osemployee le oaemployee_jobs_h opemployee_monpay_jan09 🖶 osdepartment 🖶 rsempdept 123 EMPLOYEE_ID REC DPTMGR_FIRST_NAME 123 GROSS_PAY 123 EMPLOYEE ID ADC DPTMGR_LAST_NAME 123 NET_PAY 123 DEPARTMENT_ID ADC DPTMGR_EMAIL ABC DPTMGR_PHONE_NUMBER 🚥 opemployee_monpay_feb09 OPTMGR_HIRE_DATE 123 EMPLOYEE_ID ABC DPTMGR_JOB_ID SEQ 123 GROSS_PAY 123 DPTMGR_SALARY 123 NET_PAY 123 DPTMGR_COMMISSION_PCT 123 DEPARTMENT_ID opemployee_monpay_mar09 ADC DEPARTMENT_NAME 123 LOCATION_ID 123 EMPLOYEE_ID 123 GROSS_PAY 123 NET_PAY Map: HRD X Export to CSV Close 6 View Map (5 DEPARTMENT EMPDEPT EMPLOYEE l=true&useSSL=false useSSL=false) **** Save DB Info ases 4 Auto Map Work with DOBJ R-DOBJ LOOK-UP RANGE Verify Map Close

- Verify Map

- Check for NULL values in ID columns of all tables.

- Check for duplicate values in ID columns of all tables.
- Verify integrity of object components relationships.







Fig. 1

- Verification process:

- 1) Check for NULL and duplicate values in ID columns (highlighted in green in Fig 1)
- 2) Check for non-ID values in object components:
 - i) EMPLOYEE_ID column of oaemployee_jobs_h table must not have value that does not exists in EMPLOYEE_ID column of osemployee table.
 - ii) EMPLOYEE_ID column of opemployee_monpay_jan09, opemployee_monpay_feb09 and opemployee_monpay_mar09 tables must not have value that does not exists in EMPLOYEE_ID column of osemployee table.
- iii) EMPLOYEE_ID and DEPARTMENT_ID columns of rsempdept table must not have value that does not exists in EMPLOYEE_ID and DEPARTMENT_ID columns of osemployee and osdepartment tables respectively.

- Export/Import/Copy:



1. Create Copy: Duplicates selected map.

	Create Copy
Source Map	
Name	HRD
Description	Human Resources Database
New Map	
Name	HRDCopy
Description	Human Resources Database Map Copy
	Create Copy Cancel

2. Export: Exports selected map as a file.



3. Import: Imports map from a file.

💓 Import Fron	n Database		
Look In:	Desktop		
OneDrive Dropbox Administra Desktop Documen Download	Music Pictures tor Videos This PC s Libraries s Network	Desktops	
File <u>N</u> ame:	HRD.mgf		
Files of <u>Type</u> :	MGF		
			Save Cance

Standard names for tables and columns: DORM Studio's AutoMap feature creates map entries for DOBJ and R-DOBJ components from the tables and columns named using following standard.

DOBJ	
------	--

Table Type	Table Name	Column Name	Note				
Static	OS <dobj></dobj>	<dobj>_ID</dobj>	<dobj> is user declared DOBJ name. <dobj> must start with a character.</dobj></dobj>				
		INSTANCE_UPDT_DTTM	(Optional) Row update time stamp				
Aperiodic	OA <dobj>_<string></string></dobj>	<dobj>_ID</dobj>	<string> can be any set of characters.</string>				
		INSTANCE_UPDT_SEQ Column for instance update sequence number.					
		INSTANCE_UPDT_DTTM	(Optional) Row update time stamp				
Periodic	OP <dobj>_<p_type>_<p_desc></p_desc></p_type></dobj>	<dobj>_ID</dobj>	<p_type> is user declared period type. <p_desc> is user declared period description. <p_type> and <p_desc> must not contain '_' (underscore character).</p_desc></p_type></p_desc></p_type>				
		INSTANCE_UPDT_DTTM	(Optional) Row update time-stamp.				

RDOBJ:

): [Table Type	Table Name	Column Name	Note
	Static	RS <rdobj></rdobj>	<dobj1id> <dobj2id></dobj2id></dobj1id>	<rdobj> is user declared RDOBJ name. <rdobj> must start with a character. <dobj1id> and <dobj2id> must be respective DOBJs' ID column names.</dobj2id></dobj1id></rdobj></rdobj>
			INSTANCE_UPDT_DTTM	(Optional) Row update time stamp
	Aperiodic	RA <rdobj>_<string></string></rdobj>	<dobj1id> <string> can be any set of characters. <dobj2id></dobj2id></string></dobj1id>	
			INSTANCE_UPDT_SEQ	Column for instance update sequence number.
			INSTANCE_UPDT_DTTM	(Optional) Row update time stamp
	Periodic	RP <rdobj>_<p_type>_<p_desc></p_desc></p_type></rdobj>	<dobj1id> <dobj2id></dobj2id></dobj1id>	<p_type> is user declared period type. <p_desc> is user declared period description. <p_type> and <p_desc> must not contain '_' (underscore character).</p_desc></p_type></p_desc></p_type>
			INSTANCE_UPDT_DTTM	(Optional) Row update time-stamp.

Store:						
- Create new.						
cicate new.	Exit		Stores			
	Open	STORE DESCRIPTION	LAST UPDATE		Store Name	HRD 2
	Update			Ê	Store Description	Human Resources Data
	DORM Studio				Select Map	HRD 4
	Delete	1			Map Description	Human Reouorces Department
					Database Type	MySQL
					Server URL	/?allowPublicKeyRetrieval=true&useSSL=false
				V	S	Cancel

Open	Open selected store.	Store Name	Enter name of the store to be created.	
Update	Update selected store after associated map update.	Store Description	Enter brief description of the store.	
DORM Studio	Open DORM Studio	Select Map	Select map to be associated with the store.	
New		Database Type	Type of the database.	
New	Create new store.	Server URL	Network address of the database.	
Delete	Delete selected store.	Save	Create store.	
Exit	Exit application.	Cancel	Cancel store creation	© 2023 UniGenus LLC



<u>Store:</u> - Update.



Store Name	HRD		
Description	HR Data		
Select Map	HRD		w
Description	HR Database		
	View Ma	ар	
abase Type	MYSQL		
Server URL	?AllowPublicK	eyRetrieval=true&useSSL=fa	llse
		Update Cancel	
		3	
		Store Name	HRD
		Store Description	HR Data
		Select Map	HRD
		Map Description	HR Database
			View Map
		Database Type	MySQL
		Server URL	'?AllowPublicKeyRetrieval=true&useSSL=false
			ciuse Ciose
		Store updated succes	sstully

Open	Open selected store.	Store Name	Enter name of the store to be created.	
Update	Update selected store after associated map update.	Store Description	Enter brief description of the store.	
DORM Studio	Open DORM Studio.	Select Map	Select map to be associated with the store.	
		Database Type	Type of the database.	
New	Create new store.	Server URL	Network address of the database.	
Delete	Delete selected store.	Save	Create store.	
Exit	Exit application.	Cancel	Cancel store creation	© 2023 UniGenus LLC

- Create New Selection: Select attribute/s.

	Store: Human Resou	urces Data							
	Back	_	Selections						
	New 1	Cobjects/At	tributes Na	ame DEPTSALARY				Save	Cancel
	Open	▼ DEPARTMENTS	Descrip	tion Employee Salary and I	Departments	2			
	Run		4 Ob	oject DEPT		3) Attribute Info			
	Re-Run	DPTMGR_COMMISSION_PC1	Attril	DUTE DEPARTMENT NAME		Department Name			Ă
	Work with	DPTMGR_FIRST_NAME	On	tion					P
	Datasets	DPTMGR_HIRE_DATE	Add						<u> </u>
		COMMISSION_PCT	Add	7		0.077/01/	252102		
	Delete	FIRST_NAME	1	OBJECT	ATTRIBUTE	OPTION	PERIOD	INFO Department Name	×
	-	MONPAY_GROSS_PAY *	2	EMP_	SALARY			decimal	×
		FEB09	3	EMP_	MONTHLY_GROSS_PAY		JAN2009	decimal	×
L L			4	EMP_	MONTHLY_NET_PAY		JAN2009	decimal	×
			In ca* Period	ase of aperiodic attribu	te, four options(/ vn as <period_ty< th=""><th>ALL, CURRENT, ORIO</th><th>GINAL or PICK) will be a me) with list of period</th><th>available to choose from. s as sub-menu.</th><th></th></period_ty<>	ALL, CURRENT, ORIO	GINAL or PICK) will be a me) with list of period	available to choose from. s as sub-menu.	
New	Create new Selecti	ion.	Name Ent	er name of the select	ion.		Save	Save the selection.	
Open	Open selected Sele	ection.	Description Ent	er brief description o	f the selection.		Close	Close selection interface.	
Run	Run selected Selec	ction.	Object Obj	ject of the selected at	tribute.			·	
e-Run	Re-Run selected Se	election including	Attribute Sele	ected attribute.	lie ettribute —		CURRENT: Most reco CURREN	ently added instance/s(row/s). For $\Gamma 2$ (i.e. select most recent two in dead instance/s(row/s). For ever	or example, istances).
ork with	Open the list of dat	taset/s created by	Attribute Info (option	tional) Enter addition	al information a	about the attribut	e. ALL: All instar	L 3 (i.e. select 1 st , 2 nd and 3 rd inst nces(rows).	ances).
	Delete selected Sel	lection and	Add	l selected attribute to	selection.		PICK: Specific i select 3 ^r	nstance/s (rows). For example, P ^d and 5 th instances).	PICK 3 5 (i.e.
Pelete	associated analysis	s and subsets.	🗙 Rem	nove attribute from th	ne selection.		L	© 2023 I	JniGenus I I

New

Open

Re-Run

Work with Datasets

Delete

- Create New Selection: Select Object/s. All attributes, of the selected object, gets added to the selection.

Store: Human Resources Data	Objects/Attributes	Name	DEPTSALARY					Save Cancel	
	► DEPARTMENT	Description	Employee Salary a	and Department					
Back		Object	EMPLOYEE		Attribute Info				
	EMAIL	Attribute						A	
New SELECTION	FIRST_NAME	Option						Ę.	
	HIRE_DATE	option	ALL						
Open	LAST_NAME	Add	3						
Run	MANAGER_ID	OBJEC		ATTRIBUTE	OPTION	PERIOD	INFO		
	MGR_COMMISSION_PCT	10 EMPLO	YEE_	MGR_EMAIL					
Re-Run	MGR_DEPARTMENT_D	11 EMPLO	YEE_	MGR_FIRST_NAME				D	
	MGR_FIRST_NAME	12 EMPLC	YEE_	MGR_HIRE_DATE				2	
Work with	MGR_HIRE_DATE	13 EMPLC	YEE_	MGR_JOB_ID				2	
Datasets	MGR_JOB_ID	14 EMPLC	YEE_	MGR_LAST_NAME					
	MGR_PHONE_NUMBER	15 EMPLC	YEE_	MGR_PHONE_NUMBER					
Delete	MGR_SALARY	16 EMPLC	YEE_	MGR_SALARY					
Delete	PHONE_NUMBER	17 EMPLO	NYEE_	PHONE_NUMBER					
	DEPARTMENT ID	18 EMPLO	NYEE_	SALARY	*				
	END_DATE	19 EMPLO			ALL				
	JOB_ID_18986	20 EMPLO		10B ID 18986	ALL				
	START_DATE MONPAY_GROSS_PAY	22 EMPLO		START DATE	ALL			5	
	► MONPAY_NET_PAY	23 EMPLO	YFF	MONPAY GROSS PAY		APR09			
	* All	aperiodic a	ttributes get	added with 'A	LL' option.				
reate new Selection.	Na	me Enter	name of the	e selection.			Save	Save the select	tion.
Open selected Selection.	Descript	tion Enter	brief descri	ption of the s	election.		Close	Close selectior	n inte
un selected Selection.	Ob	ject Object	t of the sele	ected attribut	e.		<u></u>	2	
e-Run selected Selection inc	luding Attrib	ute Selecte	ed attribute	2.					
inalysis and subsets.	Opt	ion Select	option for a	aperiodic attr	ibute.				
pen the list of dataset/s crea he Selection Run (or Re-Run)	Attribute I	nfo (optior	nal) Enter a	dditional info	rmation abo	ut the attribu	te.		
elete selected Selection and	Ad	d Add all	attributes	of the selecte	ed object.				
	. +c	Remov	o attributo	from the sele	oction				

- Run Selection.



New	Create new Selection.
Open	Open selected Selection.
Run	Run selected Selection.
Re-Run	Re-Run selected Selection including analysis and subsets.
Work with Datasets	Open the list of dataset/s created by the Selection Run (or Re-Run)
Delete	Delete selected Selection and associated analysis and subsets.

Open Dataset.* Store: Human Resources Dat Selection: Employee Salary Selection: Employee Salary Selection: Employee Salary Selection: Employee Salary Back Open Control Selection: Employee Salary Selection: Employee Salary Back Open Control Selection: Employee Salary Selection: Employee Salary Back Open Control Selection: Employee Salary Selection: Employee Salary Selection: Employee Salary Selection: Employee Salary Selection: Employee Salary Selection: Employee Salary Selection: Employee Salary Selection: Employee Salary Selection: Employee Salary Selection: Employee Salary Selection: Employee Salary Selection: Employee Salary Selection: Employee Salary Selection: Employee Salary and Departments Dataset Tool Selection: Employee Salary and Departments Selection: Employee Salary and Departments Dataset: DeFSALARY_DSI Export to CSV Selected attributes' Selection: Employee Salary and Departments Dataset: DeFSALARY_DSI Selection: Employee Salary and Departments Selection: Employee Salary and Departments Dataset: DefSaLARY_DSI Selection: Employee Salary and Departments Selection: Employee Salary and Departments Selection: Employee Salary and Departments Selection: Employee Salary and Depar	Nork with Datasets:				Vi	ew Dataset						
View Object Relations Summary Back Open Winker Back Open Winker Back Detaset Tool Detaset Detaset Detaset Detaset Detaset Tool Detaset Tool Detaset Detaset Detaset Tool Detaset Tool Detaset Det	Open Dataset.*	Store: Human Resources Data	Selection : Employee Salary and Departments [DEPTSALARY_:	12901657V0]								8
Back Detection: Employee Salary at Back Detection: EmployeeSalary at Back	View Object		Dataset : DEPTSALARY_DS1								Change Desc	
Back Personality <	Relations Summary*	Selection: Employee Salary ar		Object Relations	Sumaan	Analy	vsis Tool		Dataset	Tool	Export to CSV	
Open function Dataset Tool Part outside 1 90 100 Decoutive Americas Steven 2000.00 1000.00 1000.00 Analysis Tool Part outside 90 100 Decoutive Americas Newnode 1000.00 1000.00 1000.00 1000.00 1103.03 Analysis Tool Part outside 90 100 Decoutive Americas Newnode 900.00 1416.67 1133.33 4 00 103 IT Americas Newnode 900.00 200.00 400.00 400.00 7 Selection: Employee Salary and Departments Dataset: Departments Dataset: Departs 000.00 200.00 40		Back			EMPLOYEES	DEPARTMENTS DEPARTMENT_NAME	DEPARTMENTS REGION_NAME	EMPLOYEES FIRST_NAME	EMPLOYEES E SALARY N	EMPLOYEES MONTHLY_GROSS_PAY_FEB200	EMPLOYEES MONTHLY_NET_F	
Uper version P Bel OVEES 2 30 102 Executive Americas IVE:00 113:5:33 Analysis Tool P Bel OVEES 0 102 Executive Americas IVE:00 113:5:33 Analysis Tool P Bel OVEES 0 102 Executive Americas IVE:00 113:5:33 Analysis Tool P Bel OVEES 0 103 IT Americas IVE:00 110:6:7 Dataset Tool 0 103 IT Americas Mareixas Export to CSV 8 Selection: Employee Salary and Departments Dataset: DEPTSALARY_DS1 Export to CSV 9 0bject Count 0 0 00 100 Export to CSV 0 112 0 0 100 Employee Salary and Departments Dataset: DEPTSALARY_DS1 Export to CSV 0 12 0 00 100 Employee Salary and Departments Dataset: DEPTSALARY_DS1 Export to CSV 0 13 DPPT		DATASET	REGION_NAME	1 90	100	Executive	Americas	Steven	24000.00	2000.00	1600.00	
Analysis 100 Analysis 100 <td< th=""><th></th><th>2 DFPTSALARY_D</th><th>► EMPLOYEES</th><th>2 90 3 90</th><th>101</th><th>Executive</th><th>Americas</th><th>Lex</th><th>17000.00</th><th>1416.67</th><th>1133.33</th><th></th></td<>		2 DFPTSALARY_D	► EMPLOYEES	2 90 3 90	101	Executive	Americas	Lex	17000.00	1416.67	1133.33	
Dataset Tool 6 Z Selection: Employee Salary and Departments Detaset: DEPTSALARY_DS1 DEPARTMENT_NAME 0 Selected attributes' information. 0 Selected attributes' 0 Information. 0 Very 0 Newring 0 <td< th=""><th></th><th>Analysis Tool</th><th></th><th>4 60 5 _60</th><th>103</th><th>IT IT</th><th>Americas</th><th>Alexander Bruce</th><th>9000.00</th><th>750.00 500.00</th><th>600.00 400.00</th><th></th></td<>		Analysis Tool		4 60 5 _60	103	IT IT	Americas	Alexander Bruce	9000.00	750.00 500.00	600.00 400.00	
2 00 100 Examina		Selected attributes'	DEPARTMENT_NAME Department Name	6 7 Selectio 9 10 Object Gi 11 Objects Object 12 0 Object 13 DEPT_ EMP_ 16 17 Related 19 DEPT_ EMP_ 20 21 EMP_ 21 22 K Showing Showing Showing	n: Employee Sa oup Size = 2 Count(total) Count 11 107 Objects Count Count 11 106 4	Iary and Departme Object Group Size Selection : E Object Group Size DE DE DE DE DE DE DE DE DE DE DE DE DE DE DE DE DE	ents D = 1 mployee Salary and ObjectRelSmry04 ENT_ID EMPLOY 100 101 102	d Departments rEE_ID DEPAR Execution Execution Execution	SALARY_DS1	Dataset : Description : his subset (ObjectRelSmry	CEPTSALARY_DS1 Objects: DEPARTME	7 6 ENT_, EMPLO X Sort Tool.
			Table (dataset) includes selected	attributes plus t	ata object it	Js. Column ne	eader Inch	udes data	a-object r	iames at top an	d attribute	names
Table (dataset) includes selected attributes plus data object iDs. Column header includes data-object names at top and attribute name	Object Relations Sum	Wiew data-objects	and exclusively related instances' co	ount. Da	taset Tool	Open Data	set Tool.		ŀ	View first pa	nge (first 10	00 row
Object Relations Summary View data-objects and exclusively related instances' count. Dataset Tool Open Dataset Tool.	Object Gro	Data-object group	s (combinations) in descending right columns).	C	ange Desc	Change dat	aset desc	ription.	4	View previo	us page.	
Object Relations Summary View data-objects and exclusively related instances' count. Object Group Size Data-object groups (combinations) in descending order(from left to right columns).	Objects Count	t(total) Total number of ol	bject instances	Ev	ort to CSV	Export data	aset as tw	o CSV file	ρς	View next pa	age.	
Object Relations Summary View data-objects and exclusively related instances' count. Object Group Size Data-object groups (combinations) in descending order(from left to right columns). Objects Count(total) Total number of object instances	Related Objects	<u>s Count</u> Total number of re	elated object instances			(Data file a	and Metao	data file)	•	View last pa	ge.	
Object Relations Summary View data-objects and exclusively related instances' count. Dataset Tool Open Dataset Tool. I View first page (first 1000 row Object Group Size Data-object groups (combinations) in descending order(from left to right columns). Change Desc Change Desc Change dataset description. View previous page. Objects Count(total) Total number of object instances Export to CSV Export to CSV View last page. Related Objects Count Total number of related object instances View last page. View last page.	Analysis	Tool Open Analysis Too	I.	Exp	ort to CSV	Export relat CSV file.	tionship s	ummary	as 🧯	🛛 Close windo	w.	

* See '<u>Appendix-2: How a Dataset is Created</u>' and '<u>Appendix-3: Object Relations Summary</u>' for details. For metadata details see <u>Metadata</u> section.









Work with Datasets: - Analysis Tool	Store: Human Resources Da	ta			
- Analytic Functions	Selection: Employee Salary a	and Departments [DEPTSALARY_1290	01657V0]		
- ROUND	Back	Datase	ts		
	Open DATASET Analysis Tool Dataset Tool	DESCRIPTION DS1 DEPTSALARY_DS1	^		
		Analysis Too	1		
Selection : SALARY_DATA			Dataset : SALARY_DATA_157113513V0_DS	1	
Objects/Attributes	Name Roun	dedGrossPay	General Functions SELECT	Y	
► DEPARTMENTS	Object EMPL	OYEES 4	Aggregate Functions SELECT	V	
▼ EMPLOYEES	Attribute MON	THLY GROSS PAY FEB2009	Analytic Functions ROUND	v	
FIRST_NAME	Expression POUN		2000])		
SALARY		DULEMPLOTELS.MONTHET_GROSS_PAT_TED2	2003])		
MONTHLY_GROSS_PAY_FEB2009	Group By				
	Description			Â	
MONTHLY_OROSS_FAT_JAN2009 MONTHLY_NET_PAY_JAN2009				Y	
		dd 8 Cancel		Object Relations Summary	
	STATUS	NAME EXPRESSION	G	GROUP_BY	
	1 Run	9 OUNDEDGROSSPAY_ ROUND([EMPLOY	(EES.MONTHLY_GROSS_PAY_FEB2009])	×	
	Run 10	Open Edit		Dataset Tool	
					1
\star Create new an	nalysis.	Description Add/Edit	analysis description.	Object Relations Summary View data	-objects and their relations count.
Name Enter name.		Add Add anal	ysis to the list.	Dataset Tool Open Data	aset Tool.
Dobj Functions Select a function	ion.	Cancel Cancel er	ntry/edits.		
下 Add object/at	tribute to analysis.	Run Bun seler	ted analysis		

Object Selected object.

Attribute Selected attribute.

- RunRun selected analysis.OpenOpen selected analysis result.EditEdit selected analysis.
- Append Append statistic to the dataset.
 - Delete selected analysis (in 'Run' or 'Saved' state).



Object Selected object.

Attribute Selected attribute.

Group By Edit Group By.

- Open Open selected analysis result.
- Edit Edit selected analysis.
- Append Append statistic to the dataset.
 - Delete selected analysis (in 'Run' or 'Saved' state).





- Re-Run Selection.



were in original selection. Create new Selection. New Open selected Selection. Open Run selected Selection. Run Re-Run selected Selection including analysis and subsets. Re-Run Work with Open the list of dataset/s created by the Selection Run (or Re-Run) Datasets Delete selected Selection and associated analysis and subsets. Delete

Dataset Metadata: Each dataset is created with two tables, a data table and a metadata table. Dataset table name/s are <selection>_DS<num>. Metadata table name/s are <selection>_DS<num>_DM. Following table contains metadata table's column names and descriptions. Metadata for appended statistic is identified by ATTR_DOBJ column's value of 'STATDOBJ'.

Name	Description	STATISTIC Description*			
IQ_ATTR_NAME	Column name in dataset's table	Column name in dataset's table			
RESULTSET	Dataset's table name	Dataset's table name			
ATTR_DB	Database/schema of the selection attribute(column)	'STAT_DB'			
ATTR_TABLE	Table of the selection attribute(column)	'STAT_TBL'			
ATTR_DBTYPE	Data type of the selection attribute(column)	Data type of the statistic attribute(column)			
ATTR_DOBJ	Data-object of the selection attribute	'STATDOBJ'			
ATTR_DOBJ_DESC	Data-object description of the selection attribute	'Statistics'			
ATTR_CATGRY	Selection attribute category (i.e. Static, Aperiodic or Periodic). Null if ID attribute.	'S'			
ATTR_NAME	Selection attribute name (i.e. column name). Look-up value if LKPRNG_ATTR not NULL	Data-object/s of the attribute/s included in the statistic's formula			
ATTR_DESC	Selection attribute description. Look-Up or Range attribute description if LKPRNG_ATTR not NULL	Column name in dataset(table)			
C_CATGRY_OCAP_OPTION	For selection attribute category = 'C' or 'RC' (i.e. DOBJ or R-DOBJ Aperiodic attribute)	NULL			
SEQ_NUM	For selection attribute category = 'C' or 'RC' instance update sequence number.	NULL			
P_CATGRY_TABLE_DESC	For selection attribute category = 'P' or 'RP' (i.e. DOBJ or R-DOBJ Periodic attribute)	NULL			
LKPRNG_ATTR	Look-Up or Range attribute (column)	NULL			
LKPRNG_DB	Database of the Look-Up or Range attribute	NULL			
LKPRNG_TABLE	Table of the Look-Up or Range attribute	NULL			
LKPRNG_ATTR_DBTYPE	Data type of the Look-Up or Range attribute	NULL			
ATTR_AUX_META	I = ID Attribute, L = Look-Up attribute, R = Range attribute	ID attribute/s of the data-object/s included in the statistic's formula			
ATTR_AUX_INFO	Additional selection attribute information added by user. Otherwise attribute(column) data type.	Statistic type, formula, Group By (if any) of the statistic			
FROM_DOBJ	Dobj1 of the selection attribute, if ATTR_CATGRY = 'R','RC','RP' otherwise data-object of the attribute	NULL			
TO_DOBJ	Dobj2 of the selection attribute, if ATTR_CATGRY = 'R', 'RC', 'RP' otherwise data-object of the attribute	NULL			
VIEW_ID	NULL	NULL			

Statistic Metadata: Statistic table does not get created with metadata table. When a statistic table is exported, a metadata file is created together with statistic data file in CSV format. Statistic table (and exported data file) name is **<selection>_DS<num>_AN<num>**. Statistic metadata file name is **<selection>_DS**<num>_AN<num>. Statistic metadata file name is **<selection>_DS**<num>_AN</num>. Statistic metadata file name is **<selection>_DS**</selection>_DS.

Name	Description
QINST_ID	Selection name
RESULTSET	Dataset(table) name
ANID	Statistic table name
STATUS	Statistic status in Analysis Tool (i.e. 'Saved' or 'Appended')
STATISTIC	Statistical function name
NAME	Statistic attribute name
DESC	NULL
DOBJATTR	Selected attribute (or NULL if General Function is selected)
GROUPBY	Group By attribute/s.
EXPRESSION	Syntactical expression
ANSQL	SQL statement to create statistic table
DSSQL	SQL statement to create dataset(table) input to compute the statistic. (experimental metadata, not generated for all statistics)
APNDSQL	SQL statement to append statistic (column) to dataset.
ANLEVEL	(For internal use)
USERDB	NULL
SSID	NULL
SSRMID	NULL
DOBJS	Data objects of the attributes included in the statistic
DOBJIDS	Data objects IDs of the attributes included in the statistic
ATTRLIST	Attributes included in the statistic
USEREXPR	Syntactical user expression (i.e. attributes expressed as '[<data-object>.<attribute>]')</attribute></data-object>
COMPEXPR	Syntactical user expression in case of complex syntax. Parameters expressed as '{ <name> = <value>}'</value></name>
VIEW_ID	NULL

Subset Metadata: Each saved subset is created with a data and a metadata tables. Subset table name/s are <selection>_DS<num>_RP<num>. Metadata table name/s are <selection>_DS<num>_RP<num>_DM. Metadata for appended statistic is identified by ATTR_DOBJ column's value of 'STATDOBJ'. Following table contains metadata table column names and descriptions.

Name	Description	STATISTIC Description*			
IQ_ATTR_NAME	Column name in dataset's table	Column name in dataset's table			
RESULTSET	Dataset's table name	Dataset's table name			
ATTR_DB	Database/schema of the selection attribute(column)	'STAT_DB'			
ATTR_TABLE	Table of the selection attribute(column)	'STAT_TBL'			
ATTR_DBTYPE	Data type of the selection attribute(column)	Data type of the statistic attribute(column)			
ATTR_DOBJ	Data-object of the selection attribute	'STATDOBJ'			
ATTR_DOBJ_DESC	Data-object description of the selection attribute	'Statistics'			
ATTR_CATGRY	Selection attribute category (i.e. Static, Aperiodic or Periodic). Null if ID attribute.	'S'			
ATTR_NAME	Selection attribute name (i.e. column name). Look-up value if LKPRNG_ATTR not NULL	Data-object/s of selection attribute/s included in the statistic's formula			
ATTR_DESC	Selection attribute description. Look-Up or Range attribute description if LKPRNG_ATTR not NULL	Column name in dataset(table)			
C_CATGRY_OCAP_OPTION	For selection attribute category = 'C' or 'RC' (i.e. DOBJ or R-DOBJ Aperiodic attribute)	NULL			
SEQ_NUM	For selection attribute category = 'C' or 'RC' instance update sequence number.	NULL			
P_CATGRY_TABLE_DESC	For selection attribute category = 'P' or 'RP' (i.e. DOBJ or R-DOBJ Periodic attribute)	NULL			
LKPRNG_ATTR	Look-Up or Range attribute (column)	NULL			
LKPRNG_DB	Database of the Look-Up or Range attribute	NULL			
LKPRNG_TABLE	Table of the Look-Up or Range attribute	NULL			
LKPRNG_ATTR_DBTYPE	Data type of the Look-Up or Range attribute	NULL			
ATTR_AUX_META	I = ID Attribute, L = Look-Up attribute, R = Range attribute	ID attribute/s of the data-object/s included in the statistic's formula			
ATTR_AUX_INFO	Additional selection attribute information added by user. Otherwise attribute(column) data type.	Statistic type, formula, Group By (if any) of the statistic			
FROM_DOBJ	Dobj1 of the selection attribute, if ATTR_CATGRY = 'R','RC','RP' otherwise data-object of the attribute	NULL			
TO_DOBJ	Dobj2 of the selection attribute, if ATTR_CATGRY = 'R','RC','RP' otherwise data-object of the attribute	NULL			
VIEW_ID	NULL	NULL			
RP_ID	Subset's table name	Subset's table name			
RP_NAME	Subset name	Subset name			
RP_DESC	Subset description	Subset description			

* If ATTR_DOBJ = 'STATDOBJ' (i.e. Metadata for appended statistics)

Symmetric Relational Data Object Model (RDOM)

RDOM primarily consists of <u>symmetric data objects</u> (DOBJs) and <u>symmetric bilateral relationship data objects</u>(R-DOBJs). R-DOBJ represents many-to-many relationship between two DOBJs (or one-to-many relationship between first DOBJ to R-DOBJ and one-to-many relationship between second DOBJ to the R-DOBJ). Following is an example (Fig. 1) RDOM consisting four DOBJs (Dobj1, Dobj2, Dobj3 and Dobj4) and six R-DOBJs (RDobj1-2,RDobj1-3, RDobj2-3, Rdobj2-4, RDobj4-1 and RDobj3-4.



DOBJ: consists of three types of relational database tables; static attributes table, aperiodic attributes table/s and periodic attributes table/s.

- <u>Static attributes table (S-table)</u>: consists of a column for DOBJ's identification (ID) attribute and columns for static attributes (whose value remains static). For example, Name and Date of Birth attributes of Customer DOBJ.
 [DOBJ must have S-table with ID column. Only one S-table is allowed per DOBJ]
- <u>Aperiodic attributes table (A-table)</u>: consists of a column for DOBJ's ID attribute, a column for instance update sequence number (INSTANCE_UPDT_SEQ) and columns for aperiodic attributes (whose value changes aperiodically). INSTANCE_UPDT_SEQ column is used for storing sequentially increasing number for each update of aperiodic attribute/s value/s. For example, Mailing Address attribute of Customer. First instance of Customer's mailing address is to be stored with INSTANCE_UPDT_SEQ value of 1, next update of mailing address would be stored with INSTANCE_UPDT_SEQ value of 2 and so forth.

[DOBJ may have one or more A-tables]

 Periodic attributes table (P-table): consists of a column for DOBJ's ID attribute and columns for periodic attributes (whose value is captured or recorded at every specific period). For example, monthly (or bi-weekly) employee payment attributes.

[DOBJ may have one or more sets of periodic tables]

Similarly R-DOBJ consists of three types (Static, Aperiodic and Periodic) of relational database tables. Each R-DOBJ table consists of two ID columns (for the two related DOBJ's IDs) and other columns.

DOBJ Data Model template (Fig. 2):

- <u>S_TABLE (Static attributes table)</u>: consists of ID column (DOBJ_ID) as primary-key and columns for static attributes (S_attr1, S_attr2, ...).
- <u>A_TABLEs (Aperiodic attributes tables)</u>: consist of ID column (DOBJ_ID) and sequence number column (INSTANCE_UPDT_SEQ) combined as primary-key, and columns for aperiodic attributes (A_attr_1,). Relationship from S_TABLE to A_TABLEs are of type one-to-many.
- <u>Pn_TABLE_ns (Periodic attributes tables)</u>: consist of ID column (DOBJ_ID) as primary-key and columns for periodic attributes (P1_attr_1, P1_attr_2,...). Relationships from S_TABLE to P_TABLEs are of type one-to-one.



<u>**R-DOBJ Data Model template (Fig. 3):**</u>

- **RS_TABLE (Static attributes table)**: consist of ID columns (DOBJ1_ID + DOBJ2_ID) as primary-key and columns for static attributes (RS_attr1, RS_attr2, ...).
- **<u>RA_TABLEs (Aperiodic attributes tables)</u>**: consist of ID columns (DOBJ1_ID + DOBJ2_ID) and sequence number column (INSTANCE_UPDT_SEQ) combined as primary-key, and columns for aperiodic attributes (RA_attr_1, ...). Relationship from RS_TABLE to RA_TABLEs are of type one-to-many.
- <u>RPn_TABLE_ns (Periodic attributes tables)</u>: consist of ID columns (DOBJ1_ID + DOBJ2_ID) as primary-key and columns for periodic attributes (RP1_attr_1, RP1_attr_2,....). Relationships from RS_TABLE to RP_TABLEs are of type one-to-one.





In addition to DOBJ and R-DOBJ, RDOM may include Look-Up (LOOK-UP) and Range (RANGE) associations.

LOOK-UP: consists of a relational database table. The table consists of a look-up column (as primary-key) and one or more columns for look-up values (Fig.4).

RANGE: consists of a relational database table. The table consists of a column for lower bound of range, a column for upper bound of range and one or more columns for the range description/information (Fig.4). Lower bound column concatenated with upper bound column, is primary-key.



<u>Fig. 4</u>

- A Look-Up (and Range) may be associated with one or more non-ID columns of one or more tables of DOBJs and R-DOBJs. Also, a non-ID column may be associated with one or more Look-up (and Range).

RDOM Constraints:

- Primary-key column value in all tables (of all four types of data objects) must not be NULL.
- INSTANCE_UPDT_SEQ column value, in Aperiodic tables, must be a positive integer starting with 1 for first (or original) row for an instance.
- In a DOBJ: DOBJ_ID column of Aperiodic and Periodic tables must not contain value that does not exists in DOBJ_ID column of Static table.
- In a R-DOBJ: DOBJ1_ID and DOBJ2_ID columns of Static table must not contain value that does not exists in DOBJ_ID columns of the two respective DOBJs.
- In a R-DOBJ: DOBJ1_ID and DOBJ2_ID columns of Aperiodic and Periodic tables must not contain value that does not exists in DOBJ1_ID and DOBJ2_ID columns of Static table.

RDOM as Super Model

RDOM can also be implemented as Super Model, on existing relational model, in the form of combination of existing tables and views on existing tables.

Following are the four general rules for implementing RDOM as Super Model.

Rule-1: Minimize number of DOBJs: By consolidating relevant tables together into DOBJs; and separating DOBJ tables from LOOK-UP tables. Rule-2: If a table contains object hierarchy then flatten the object hierarchy into a table (or a view) by means of additional columns. Rule-3: If an object hierarchy exists in the form of multiple tables then combine the tables into one table (or a view). Rule-4: Maximize number of RDOBJs, possibly relating all DOBJs to each other.

Example: In this example (Fig. 5), HR Database contains seven tables (DEPARTMENTS, EMPLOYEES, JOB_HISTORY, JOBS, LOCATIONS, COUNTRIES, REGIONS) for employee-manager hierarchy, department, location, jobs and employees' job history.



Example (continued)



To implement RDOM as Super Model on existing relational model, five views (osemployee, oaemployee_jobs_h, rsempdept, osdepartment, dept_location) are created with consideration of the four general rules.

Rule-1: Minimize number of DOBJs: By consolidating relevant tables together into DOBJs;

and distinguish DOBJ tables from LOOK-UP object tables: OSEMPLOYEE and OAEMPLOYEE_JOBS_H views on EMPLOYEES and JOBS_HISTORY tables are incorporated into EMPLOYEE data object, OSDEPARTMENT view (which includes employee columns for department manager) on DEPARTMENTS table is incorporated as DEPARTMENT data object and rest of the four tables (JOBS, LOCATIONS, COUNTRIES, REGIONS) are identified as look-up tables.

<u>Rule-2: If a table contains object hierarchy then flatten the object hierarchy into a table (or a view) by</u> <u>means of additional columns:</u> OSEMPLOYEE view is created with additional columns for manager, by self joining EMPLOYEES table, to flatten Employee-Manager hierarchy.

<u>Rule-3: If an object hierarchy exists in the form of multiple tables then combine the tables into one table</u> <u>(or a view):</u> DEPT_LOCATION view is created representing location-country-region hierarchy, by joining LOCATIONS, COUNTRIES and REGIONS tables.

<u>Rule-4: Maximize number of RDOBJs, possibly relating all DOBJs to each other</u>: RSEMPDEPT view is created representing RDOBJ for EMPLOYEE and DEPARTMENT data objects.

DOBJ

R-DOBJ

RANGE

LOOK-UP

Μ



Appendix-2:

Create Dataset:

Dataset is created by performing corresponding SQL UNION of SQL JOINs of all combinations, from largest to smallest combination, of ID attribute columns of Static attribute tables of relationship data objects and selected data objects; and then performing LEFT JOIN/s of selected data object attribute columns. In the following example, five attributes (A_COL1, A_COL2, B_COL1, D_COL1 and D_COL2) are selected from three data objects (OBJ_A, OBJ_B and OBJ_D). The dataset (Fig.2) is created by performing corresponding SQL UNION of SQL JOINS of ID columns from the three relationship data objects (ROBJ_AB, ROBJ_AD and ROBJ_BD), each combination of two R-DOBJs and three data objects (OBJ_A, OBJ_B and OBJ_D); and then performing LEFT JOIN of selected attribute columns from the three data object.

OBJ_A		ROBJ_AB		OBJ_B								
	12ã OB	BJ_A_ID ▼ 120 OBJ_B_ID ▼	123 OBJ_B_ID	B_COL1	¹²³ B_COL2							
101 AA1 123		101 🖻 101 🖻		101 BB1	321							
102 AA2 321		101 🗹 102 🗹 🚽		102 BB2	231							
103 AA3 213		102 🗹 103 🗹		103 BB3	123							
104 AA4 132		103 103 103 103 103 103 103 103 103 103		104 BB4	312							
		105 - 105 -		102 882	213							
					OB.LA	OBJ B	OBJ D	OB.LA	OB.LA	OBJ B	OBL D	OBLD
ROBJ_A		ROBJ B	D		OBJ_A_ID	OBJ_B_ID	OBJ_D_ID	A_COL1	A_COL2	B_COL1	D_COL1	D_COL2
123 OBJ_A_ID T 123 OBJ	_D_ID	123 OBJ_D_ID 🔻	123 OBJ_B_ID	1	101	101	101	AA1	123	BB1	DD1	123
101 🗹 102 🗹	101 🗹	101 🖻	101 🖻	2	101	102	101	AA1	123	BB2	DD1	123
103 🖻	102 🖻	101 🖻	102 🖉	3	101	102	103	AA1	123	BB2	DD3	432
104 🖻	102 🖻	103 🗹	102 🗹	4	101	102	104	AA1	123	BB2	DD4	234
101 🗹	103 🗠	104 🗹	102 🖻	5	102	103		۸۸2	321	BB3		
	104 🗠			5	102	105		1.1.2	521	000		
				6	103	103		AA3	213	BB3		
				7	102		101	AA2	321		DD1	123
				8	103		102	AA3	213		DD2	321
OBJ	_D			9	104		102	AA4	132		DD2	321
101 DD1	¹²³ D_COL2			10		104	1			BB4		
101 DD1	321			10		104				DDT		
103 DD3	432			11		105				BB5		
104 DD4	234			12			105				DD5	112
105 DD5	112			12			105					112

<u>Fig. 2</u>

Appendix-3:

Object Relations Summary:

The summary represents counts of object instances and related object instances in an interactive form.

Example: The dataset table (Fig.1) contains columns for three object IDs (i.e. A_ID, B_ID and D_ID) and attributes of the objects.

Object relations summary (Fig. 3) shows, in the area (i.e. box) at the top, total number of objects' instances in the dataset. Boxes starting from second row and first column, shows counts for exclusively related instances of all combinations of objects in descending order of the size of object combination starting from first column on the left. In this example, the box in the first column (and second row) shows 3 instances of OBJ_D, 1 instance of OBJ_A and 2 instances of OBJ_B are related to each other; similarly second column boxes shows counts for exclusively related instances among each combination of two objects; and the third column shows non-related instance counts for each object.

Selecting (clicking) the box (at 2nd column and 2nd row) shows dataset rows and columns of the exclusively related instances (Fig. 3) in the form of a table.

	OBJ_A A_ID	OBJ_B B_ID	OBJ_D D_ID	OBJ_A A_COL1	OBJ_B B_COL1	OBJ_B B_COL2	OBJ_D D_COL1
1	101	101	101	AA1	BB1	321	DD1
2	101	102	101	AA1	BB2	231	DD1
3	101	102	103	AA1	BB2	231	DD3
4	101	102	104	AA1	BB2	231	DD4
5	102	103		AA2	BB3	123	
6	103	103		AA3	BB3	123	
7	102		101	AA2			DD1
8	103		102	AA3			DD2
9	104		102	AA4			DD2
10		104			BB4	312	
11		105			BB5	213	
12			105				DD5

Object Group Size = 3	Object Group Size = 2	Object Group Size = 1
Objects Count(total)		
Object Count		
OBJ_D_ 5		
OBJ_A_ 4		
OBJ_B_ 5		
Related Objects Count		
Object Count	Object Count	Object Count
OBJ_D_ 3	OBJ_A_ 2	OBJ_A_ 0
OBJ_A_ 1	OBJ_B_ 1	
OBJ_B_ 2		
	Object Count	Object Count
	OBJ_D_ 2	OBJ_B_ 2
	OBJ_A_ 3	
	Object Count	Object Count
	OBJ_D_ 0	OBJ_D_ 1
	OBJ_B_ 0	

	OBJ_A A_ID	OBJ_B B_ID	OBJ_A A_COL1	OBJ_B B_COL1	OBJ_B B_COL2
1	102	103	AA2	BB3	123
2	103	103	AA3	BB3	123

Fig. 7

Fig. 9

Appendix-4:

Create and Append Statistic:

Creating statistic is creating a table containing results of running a statistical function by means of SQL statement. The SQL statement is of two parts, inner SQL is to create a subset containing ID columns and selected attribute columns of the objects included in the defined statistic; outer SQL is to run the selected statistical function on the subset. Appending statistic to the dataset is to create a SQL LEFT JOIN of the dataset and table containing statistic, on ID and other attributes of selected objects. Aggregate statistic is appended to the entire dataset, aggregate statistic with GROUP BY is appended by LEFT JOINing with the dataset on the GROUP BY columns, scalar statistic is appended by LEFT JOINing with dataset on the selected object/s.

Example: A dataset table (Fig. 1) contains selection from three objects (OBJ_A, OBJ_B and OBJ_D). The dataset contains three ID columns (OBJ_A_ID, OBJ_B_ID and OBJ_D_ID) and four attribute columns (A_COL1, B_COL2 and D_COL1). A statistic table for AVG(B_COL2) with GROUP BY A_COL1 is created (Fig.2) by generating and running a SQL statement that creates a subset containing four columns and six rows (Fig.1 encircled in orange) and then calculates AVG(B_COL2) with GROUP BY A_COL1. The statistic is then appended to the dataset (Fig. 3 encircled in green) by generating and running a SQL statement that performs LEFT JOIN of the dataset with statistic table on A_COL1 (Fig.3 encircled in orange) with condition (OBJ_A_ID IS NOT NULL AND OBJ_B_ID IS NOT NULL). Metadata about the appended statistic is added to the metadata table for the dataset (see <u>Dataset Metadata</u> for details).

	OBJ_A OBJ_A_ID	OBJ_B OBJ_B_ID	OBJ_D OBJ_D_ID	OBJ_A A_COL1	OBJ_B B_COL1	OBJ_B B_COL2	OBJ_D D_COL1
1	101	101	101	AA1	BB1	321	DD1
2	101	102	101	AA1	BB2	231	DD1
3	101	102	103	AA1	BB2	231	DD3
4	101	102	104	AA1	BB2	231	DD4
5	102	103		AA2	BB3	123	
6	103	103		AA3	BB3	123	
7	102		101	AA2			DD1
8	103		102	AA3			DD2
9	104		102	AA4			DD2
10		104			BB4	312	
11		105			BB5	213	
12			105				DD5

	STATISTICS AVG_B_COL2_	OBJ_A A_COL1
1	276.0000	AA1
2	123.0000	AA2
3	123.0000	AA3

Fig. 2

	OBJ_A OBJ_A_ID	OBJ_B OBJ_B_ID	OBJ_D OBJ_D_ID	OBJ_A A_COL1	OBJ_B B_COL1	OBJ_B B_COL2	OBJ_D D_COL1	STATISTICS AVG_B_COL2_
1	101	101	101	AA1	BB1	321	DD1	276.0000
2	101	102	101	AA1	BB2	231	DD1	276.0000
3	101	102	103	AA1	BB2	231	DD3	276.0000
4	101	102	104	AA1	BB2	231	DD4	276.0000
5	102	103		AA2	BB3	123		123.0000
6	103	103		AA3	BB3	123		123.0000
7	102		101	AA2			DD1	
8	103		102	AA3			DD2	
9	104		102	AA4			DD2	
10		104			BB4	312		
11		105			BB5	213		
12			105				DD5	

<u>Fig. 1</u>

<u>Fig. 3</u>